Claims

- 1. A method for adjusting the vagal nerve stimulation (VNS) signal induced by a stimulus generator implanted in a patient in need of vagal nerve stimulation comprising the steps of
- a) monitoring at least one parameter selected from respiratory parameters and physiological acid-base parameters which correlate to the VNS intensity, and
- b) regulating the stimulation intensity in response to said at least one parameter.
- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is selected from a group consisting of end-tidal carbon dioxide (EtCO₂), respiratory rate (RR), respiratory frequency (RF), respiration amplitude (RA), and air-flow.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said at least one physiological acid-base parameter is selected from a group consisting of CO₂ content and pH.
- 4. A method as claimed in claim 2 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is end-tidal carbon dioxide (EtCO₂).
- 5. A method as claimed in claim 2 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is respiratory frequency (RF).
- 6. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein monitoring is performed by a capnograph.
- 7. A method for adjusting the vagal nerve stimulation (VNS) signal induced by a stimulus generator implanted in a patient in need of vagal nerve stimulation comprising the steps of
- a) monitoring the level of end-tidal carbon dioxide (EtCO₂) and respiration frequency which correlate to the VNS intensity, and

- b) regulating the stimulation intensity in response to said respiratory parameter.
- 8. A method for controlling the effectiveness of vagal nerve stimulation (VNS) induced by a stimulus generator implanted in a patient in need of vagal nerve stimulation comprising the steps of
- a) monitoring at least one parameter selected from respiratory parameters and physiological acid-base parameters which correlate to the VNS intensity, and
- b) regulating the stimulation intensity in response to said at least one parameter.
- 9. A method as claimed in claim 8 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is selected from a group consisting of end-tidal carbon dioxide (EtCO₂), respiratory rate (RR), respiratory frequency (RF), respiration amplitude (RA), and air-flow.
- 10. A method as claimed in claim 8 wherein said at least one physiological acid-base parameter is selected from a group consisting of CO₂ content and pH.
- 11. A method as claimed in claim 9 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is end-tidal carbon dioxide (EtCO₂),
- 12. A method as claimed in claim 9 wherein said at least one respiratory parameter is respiratory frequency (RF).
- 13. A method as claimed in claim 8 wherein monitoring is performed by a capnograph.